

- NucleoSpin[®] totalRNA FFPE
- NucleoSpin[®] totalRNA FFPE XS

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Total RNA from FFPE samples Protocol at a glance (Rev.08) – page 1

NucleoSpin [®] totalRNA FFPE		Nucleos	Spin [®] totalRNA FFPE XS	
1 Sample preparation		Insert FFPE section(s) in a microcentrifuge tube		Insert FFPE section(s) in a microcentrifuge tube
2 Deparaffinize sample		1 mL Paraffin Dissolver 56 °C, 5 min Vortex hot sample		1 mL Paraffin Dissolver 56 °C, 5 min Vortex hot sample
	Ó	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 2 min	Ö	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 2 min
		170 μL MLF		140 μ L MLF
	Q	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 2 min	Ó	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 2 min
	Rem	nove Paraffin Dissolver	Ren	nove Paraffin Dissolver
3 Lyse sample A Quick protocol (perform method 3A or 3B)		15 μL Proteinase K Mix gently 56 °C, 15 min		12 μL Proteinase K Mix gently 56 °C, 15 min
		15 μL MKA Vortex 0 °C, 5 min		12 μL MKA Vortex 0 °C, 5 min
	Ø	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min	Ø	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min
		Transfer sample 80 °C, 15 min		Transfer sample 80 °C, 15 min
Lyse sample B Protocol for difficult to lyse cells		15 μL Proteinase K Mix gently 56 °C, 90 min	Ĩ	12 μL Proteinase K Mix gently 56 °C, 90 min
(perform method 3A or 3B)		15 μL MKA Vortex 0 °C, 5 min		12 μL MKA Vortex 0 °C, 5 min
	0	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min	Ø	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min
		Transfer sample	Ũ	Transfer sample
4 Adjust binding conditions		500 μL MX Vortex RT, 1 min		400 μL MX Vortex RT, 1 min



Total RNA from FFPE samples Protocol at a glance (Rev.08) – page 2

	NucleoSpi	in [®] totalRNA FFPE	NucleoSpin [®] totalRNA FFPE X	
5 Bind RNA		Load sample		Load sample
	\bigcirc	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s	\bigcirc	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s
6 Wash and dry silica membrane	1st	700 µL MW2	1st	400 μL MW2
		16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s		16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s
	2nd	250 μL MW2	2nd	200 µL MW2
		16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min		16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min
7 Optional: Digest DNA		50 μL rDNase RT, 15 min		25 μL rDNase RT, 15 min
		100 μL MX		50 μL MX
	\bigcirc	RT, 1 min 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s	Ö	HI, T MIN 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s
		700 μL MW2 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s		400 μL MW2 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s
		250 μL MW2 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min	2nd	200 μL MW2 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min
8 Elute highly pure RNA		30–50 μL RNase-free H₂O RT. 1 min		5–30 μL RNase-free H₂O RT. 1 min
	Ö	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min	\bigcirc	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min



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1 Components

1.1 Kit contents

	Nucl	eoSpin [®] totalRNA I	FFPE	
REF	10 preps 740982.10	50 preps 740982.50	250 preps 740982.250	
Paraffin Dissolver	15 mL	60 mL	3 x 100 mL	
Lysis Buffer MLF	10 mL	10 mL	50 mL	
Precipitation Buffer MKA	1 mL	1 mL	10 mL	
Binding Buffer MX	13 mL	60 mL	250 mL	
Reaction Buffer for rDNase	7 mL	7 mL	30 mL	
Wash Buffer MW2 (Concentrate)*	6 mL	25 mL	100 mL	
RNase-free H ₂ O	13 mL	13 mL	13 mL	
rDNase, RNase-free (lyophilized)*	1 vial (size A)	1 vial (size C)	5 vials (size C)	
Liquid Proteinase K	0.6 mL	0.8 mL	5 mL	
NucleoSpin [®] RNA Columns (light blue rings)	10	50	250	
Collection Tubes (2 mL)	10	50	250	
Collection Tubes (1.5 mL)	10	50	250	
User manual	1	1	1	

^{*} For preparation of working solutions and storage conditions see section 3.

	NucleoSpin [®] totalRNA FFPE XS			
REF	10 preps 740969.10	50 preps 740969.50	250 preps 740969.250	
Paraffin Dissolver	15 mL	60 mL	3 x 100 mL	
Lysis Buffer MLF	10 mL	10 mL	50 mL	
Precipitation Buffer MKA	1 mL	1 mL	10 mL	
Binding Buffer MX	13 mL	60 mL	250 mL	
Reaction Buffer for rDNase	7 mL	7 mL	30 mL	
Wash Buffer MW2 (Concentrate)*	6 mL	25 mL	100 mL	
RNase-free H ₂ O	13 mL	13 mL	13 mL	
rDNase, RNase-free (lyophilized)*	1 vial (size A)	1 vial (size C)	3 vials (size C)	
Liquid Proteinase K	0.2 mL	0.8 mL	3 x 1.25 mL	
NucleoSpin [®] RNA FFPE XS Columns (light blue rings)	10	50	250	
Collection Tubes (2 mL)	10	50	250	
Collection Tubes (1.5 mL)	10	50	250	
User manual	1	1	1	

^{*} For preparation of working solutions and storage conditions see section 3.

1.2 Reagents, consumables, and equipment to be supplied by user

Reagents

• 96-100 % ethanol (preferably undenaturated ethanol)

Consumables

- 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tubes (for sample lysis)
- Disposable pipette tips

Equipment

- Manual pipettors
- Centrifuge for microcentrifuge tubes
- Vortex mixer
- Thermal heating-block (adjustable to 56 °C and 80 °C)
- Personal protection equipment (lab coat, gloves, goggles)

1.3 About this user manual

It is strongly recommended that first time users of **NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE (XS)** kit read the detailed protocol sections of this user manual. Experienced users, however, may refer to the Protocol at a glance instead. The Protocol at a glance is designed to be used only as a supplemental tool for quick referencing while performing the purification procedure.

All technical literature is available on the internet at www.mn-net.com.

Please contact Technical Service regarding information about changes of the current user manual compared to previous revisions.

2 Product description

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue is commonly used in histopathological analysis. Recently, there is more and more interest in also investigating DNA modifications, RNA expression or miRNA profiles of old, archived FFPE samples. However, fixation, embedding and storage lead to crosslinking and fragmentation of RNA. Especially crosslinks cannot be detected by standard quality control assays, such as gel electrophoresis, spectrophotometry or microfluidic analysis, but the efficiency of enzymatic reactions is significantly reduced, for example in RT-PCR. Standard RNA purification procedures do not remove these chemical modifications and therefore result in low RNA yield or poor downstream application performance. The **NucleoSpin®** totalRNA FFPE (XS) procedure implements buffers and procedural steps to efficiently decrosslink nucleic acids and yield high quality RNA for the most demanding applications.

2.1 The basic principle

The **NucleoSpin®** totalRNA FFPE (XS) kits provide a convenient, reliable, and fast method to isolate RNA from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue. Paraffin Dissolver (patent pending) enables an efficient deparaffinization of the sample.

The tissue sample is then heat incubated with Proteinase K to digest the fixed tissue, release nucleic acids, and gently remove crosslinks. Optimal binding conditions for even small RNA (e.g., miRNA) are adjusted and the lysate is applied to the **NucleoSpin® RNA Column/NucleoSpin® RNA FFPE XS Column**. RNA is bound to the silica membrane. Residual DNA remaining on the membrane is removed by convenient on-column rDNase digestion. Washing steps remove salts, metabolites, and macromolecular cellular components. Pure RNA is finally eluted in a small volume of RNase-free water, yielding highly concentrated RNA.

Nucleic acid preparation using **NucleoSpin®** totalRNA FFPE (XS) can be performed at room temperature. The eluate, however, should be treated with care. RNA is very sensitive to trace contaminations of RNases, often found on general lab ware, fingerprints, and dust. To ensure RNA stability keep RNA frozen at -20 °C for short-term or -70 °C for long-term storage.

2.2 Kit specifications

NucleoSpin[®] totalRNA FFPE (XS) is recommended for the isolation of total RNA from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissue samples, typically as thin sections (approx. 3–20 μm thickness). Formalin-fixed samples which are not embedded in paraffin can also be used as sample material by omitting the deparaffinization steps.

The sample size can be up to ~10 sections $(1-20 \,\mu\text{m})$ of FFPE. The amount of embedded tissue can be up to 50 mg for NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE or up to 5 mg for NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE XS (1 x 10 μm section with 1 cm² tissue is approximately 1 mg).

RNA yield strongly depends on sample type, quality, and amount. Furthermore, the procedures of tissue sampling, post sampling delay before fixation, fixation time, embedding, and storage conditions have a high impact on RNA quality and yield. For more details see, for example, Chung J.Y. et al. (2008); van Maldegem F. et al. (2008); von Ahlfen S. et al. (2007); Castiglione F. et al. (2007); Leyland-Jones B.R. et al. (2008).

RNA concentration: RNA can be eluted highly concentrated and ready to use in a small volume of $30-50 \,\mu\text{L}$ (NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE) or even $5-30 \,\mu\text{L}$ (NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE XS).

RNA size distribution: RNA isolated from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue shows size distribution from 15 to 5,000 bases. Often short sized RNA from ca. 100– 300 bases predominate, especially when the sample material is old. However, samples which were subjected to good tissue fixation, embedding, and storage conditions can yield RNA even larger than 5,000 bases.

RNA integrity: RNA Integrity Numbers (RIN) according to Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer assays depend on sample type and quality. In general the quality of RNA extracted from FFPE samples is poor. Typical RIN of RNA isolated with NucleoSpin[®] totalRNA FFPE (XS) kits are in range of 2–6.

rDNase is supplied with the kit for a convenient removal of DNA by on-column digestion. For more demanding downstream applications, DNA can also be digested in solution as described in section 5.2.

Table 1. Kit specifications at a glance				
Parameter	NucleoSpin [®] totalRNA FFPE	NucleoSpin [®] totalRNA FFPE XS		
Technology	Silica membrane technology	Silica membrane technology		
Format	Mini spin columns	Mini spin columns – XS design		
Sample material	Up to ~10 sections with up to 50 mg of tissue	Up to ~10 sections with up to 5 mg of tissue		
Typical yield	Strongly depends on sample quality and amount	Strongly depends on sample quality and amount		
Elution volume	30–50 μL	5–30 µL		
Preparation time	70 min/6 preps (90 min including optional rDNase digest)	70 min/6 preps (90 min including optional rDNase digest)		

Table 1: Kit specifications at a glance

3 Storage conditions and preparation of working solutions

Storage conditions:

- Store lyophilized rDNase at 4 °C upon arrival (stable until: see package label).
- All other kit components should be stored at room temperature (15–25 °C) and are stable until: see package label. Storage at lower temperatures may cause precipitation of salts. If precipitation occurs, incubate the bottle for several minutes at about 30–40 °C and mix well until the precipitate is redissolved.

Before starting any NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE (XS) protocol prepare the following:

 RNase-free rDNase: Add the indicated volume of Reaction Buffer for rDNase to the rDNase vial and incubate for 1 min at room temperature. Gently swirl the vial to completely dissolve the rDNase. Be careful not to mix the enzyme too vigorously as rDNase is sensitive to mechanical agitation. Dispense into aliquots and store at -20 °C. The frozen working solution is stable for at least 6 months. Do not freeze/thaw the aliquots more than three times.

	NucleoSpin [®] totalRNA FFPE			
REF	10 preps 740982.10	50 preps 740982.50	250 preps 740982.250	
Wash Buffer MW2 (Concentrate)	6 mL Add 24 mL 96–100 % ethanol	25 mL Add 100 mL 96–100 % ethanol	100 mL Add 400 mL 96–100 % ethanol	
RNase- free rDNase (lyophilized)	1 vial (size A) Add 0.75 mL Reaction Buffer for rDNase	1 vial (size C) Add 3 mL Reaction Buffer for rDNase	5 vials (size C) Add 3 mL Reaction Buffer for rDNase to each vial	

 Wash Buffer MW2: Add the indicated volumes of 96–100 % ethanol to the MW2 concentrate. Stored at room temperature, the buffer is stable for at least one year.

	Nucl	eoSpin [®] totalRNA FFP	PE XS
REF	10 preps 740982.10	50 preps 740982.50	250 preps 740982.250
Wash Buffer MW2 (Concentrate)	6 mL Add 24 mL 96–100 % ethanol	25 mL Add 100 mL 96–100 % ethanol	100 mL Add 400 mL 96–100 % ethanol
RNase- free rDNase (lyophilized)	1 vial (size A) Add 0.75 mL Reaction Buffer for rDNase	1 vial (size C) Add 3 mL Reaction Buffer for rDNase	3 vials (size C) Add 3 mL Reaction Buffer for rDNase to each vial

4 Safety instructions

When working with the **NucleoSpin[®] totalRNA FFPE (XS)** kit wear suitable protective clothing (e.g., lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles). For more information consult the appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS available online at *www.mnnet.com/msds*).



The waste generated with the **NucleoSpin[®] totalRNA FFPE (XS)** kit has not been tested for residual infectious material. A contamination of the liquid waste with residual infectious material is highly unlikely due to strong denaturing lysis buffer and Proteinase K treatment but it cannot be excluded completely. Therefore, liquid waste must be considered infectious and should be handled and discarded according local safety regulations.

4.1 Disposal

Dispose hazardous, infectious or biologically contaminated materials in a safe and acceptable manner and in accordance with all local and regulatory requirements.

5 Protocols

5.1 NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE

Before starting the preparation:

Check that rDNase and Buffer MW2 were prepared according to section 3.

Set incubator(s) to 56 $^\circ\text{C}$ (for paraffin melting and lysis step) and 80 $^\circ\text{C}$ (for decrosslink step).

Please note that lysis step 3A is the standard method for most common sample materials while lysis step 3B is utilized for difficult to lyse cells

1	Sample preparation		
	Insert FFPE section(s) in a microcentrifuge tube (not provided with the kit).		
2	Deparaffinize sample		
	Add 1 mL Paraffin Dissolver to the sample.		+ 1 mL Paraffin Dissolver
	Incubate 5 min at 56 °C (to melt the paraffin).	V	56 °C, 5 min
	Vortex the hot sample.		Vortex
	Make sure that paraffin completely melts during the heat		hot sample
	dissolve the paraffin.	Ò	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 2 min
	Centrifuge sample for 2 min at 16,000 x g.		2
	<u>Attention:</u> Check Buffer MLF prior to use! If a white precipitate is visible, heat the buffer for several minutes at 30–40 °C until the precipitate is completely dissolved and mix thoroughly.		+ 170 µL MLF
	Add 170 µL Buffer MLF. Do not mix!	Ò	16,000 x <i>g</i> ,
	Centrifuge sample for 2 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .		2 min
	Remove and discard Paraffin Dissolver by pipetting it off.		Remove Paraffin
	<u>Note:</u> Slight residues of Paraffin Dissolver do not affect the following steps.		Dissolver
3	A) Lyse sample – method A (perform method 3 A or 3 B) "Quick protocol"		+ 15 μL
	Add 15 µL Proteinase K.	P	Proteinase K
	Mix by gently shaking or pipetting up and down. Do not vortex!	V	Mix gently 56 °C, 15 min
	Incubate for 15 min at 56 °C to lyse sample tissue.		
	If tissue is still visible, continue incubation until sample is digested.		

	Add 15 µL Buffer MKA and vortex briefly.		
	Incubate for 5 min on ice .		+ 15 µL MKA Vortex
	Centrifuge for 5 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .	V	0 °C, 5 min
		Ò	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min
	Transfer clear supernatant to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube (not provided).	Ŷ	Transfer
	Incubate at 80 °C for exactly 15 min.	-	sample
	Shorter incubation or lower temperature leads to incomplete decrosslinking. Longer incubation might lead to degradation of RNA.	U	80 °C, 15 min
3	B) Lyse sample – method B (perform method 3 A or 3 B) "Protocol for diffcult to lyse samples"		+ 15 μL Proteinase K
	Add 15 µL Proteinase K.	V	Mix gently
	Mix by gently shaking or pipetting up and down. Do not vortex!		56 °C, 90 min
	Incubate for 90 min at 56 °C to lyse sample tissue.		
	If tissue is still visible, continue/ increase incubation time up to overnight until sample is digested.		
	Add 15 µL Buffer MKA and vortex briefly.		
	Incubate for 5 min on ice .	Ŷ	+ 15 µL MKA Vortex
	Centrifuge for 5 min at 16,000 x g.	V	0 °C, 5 min
		Ö	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min
	Transfer clear supernatant to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube (not provided).		Transfer sample
4	Adjust binding conditions		
	Add 500 µL Buffer MX and mix by vortexing (2 x 5 s).		+ 500 μL MX
	Incubate for 1 min at room temperature .		Vortex
			RT, 1 min

5	Bind RNA		
	Place a NucleoSpin [®] RNA Column in a new Collection Tube (2 mL).		sample
	Load sample onto the column and centrifuge for $15 \ s$ at $16,000 \ x \ g$.	0	16,000 x <i>g</i> ,
	Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the collection tube.		15 s
6	Wash and dry silica membrane		
	1 st wash		+ 700 μL MW2
	Add 700 µL Buffer MW2 to the NucleoSpin [®] RNA Column.		
	Centrifuge for 15 s at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .	Ŏ	16,000 x <i>g</i> ,
	Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the collection tube.	0	15 S
	2 nd wash	Ĩ	+ 250 μL MW2
	Add 250 µL Buffer MW2 to the NucleoSpin® RNA Column.		
	Centrifuge for 1 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> to dry the membrane completely.		16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min
	If the flowthrough in the collection tube has touched the NucleoSpin [®] RNA Column after 2 nd wash, discard flowthrough and centrifuge again.		
7	<u>Optional:</u> Digest DNA		50 1 51
	Add 50 μL rDNase directly onto the silica membrane of the NucleoSpin [®] RNA Column.		+ 50 μL rDNase RT, 15 min
	Incubate at room temperature for 15 min.	Ø	

	Add 100 µL Buffer MX.		
	Incubate for 1 min at room temperature.	Ĩ	+ 100 μL MX
	Centrifuge for 15 s at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .		RT. 1 min
	Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the collection tube.	Ò	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s
	1 st wash		
	Add 700 µL Buffer MW2 to the NucleoSpin [®] RNA Column.	Ŧ	+ 700 µL MW2
	Centrifuge for 15 s at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .		
	Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the collection tube.		16,000 x <i>g</i> , 15 s
	2 nd wash		15 5
	Add 250 µL Buffer MW2 to the NucleoSpin® RNA Column.	 #	. 250 J.L. MW2
	Centrifuge for 1 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> to dry the membrane completely.		+ 250 μ ι Μw2
	If the flowthrough in the collection tube has touched the NucleoSpin [®] RNA Column after 2 nd wash, discard flowthrough and centrifuge again.	Ò	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min
8	Elute highly pure RNA		
	Place the NucleoSpin [®] RNA Column in a new Collection Tube (1.5 mL) .		+ 30–50 µL RNase-free H ² O
	Add 30 μL (for high concentration) or 50 μL (for high yield) RNase-free H_2O to the column.	Ŷ	RT, 1 min
	Incubate for 1 min at room temperature.	Ò	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min
	Centrifuge for 1 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .		
	Keep the eluted RNA on ice or freeze at -20 $^{\circ}$ C (short-term storage) or -70 $^{\circ}$ C (long-term storage).		

5.2 NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE XS

Before starting the preparation:

Check that rDNase and Buffer MW2 were prepared according to section 3.

Set incubator(s) to 56 $^\circ\text{C}$ (for paraffin melting and lysis step) and 80 $^\circ\text{C}$ (for decrosslink step).

Please note that lysis step 3A is the standard method for most common sample materials while lysis step 3B is utilized for difficult to lyse cells

1	Sample preparation		
	Insert FFPE section(s) in a microcentrifuge tube (not provided with the kit).		
2	Deparaffinize sample		
	Add 1 mL Paraffin Dissolver to the sample.		+ 1 mL Paraffin Dissolver
	Incubate 5 min at 56 °C (to melt the paraffin).	V	56 °C, 5 min
	Vortex the hot sample.		Vortex
	Make sure that paraffin completely melts during the heat		hot sample
	dissolve the paraffin.	Ò	16,000 x <i>g</i> , 2 min
	Centrifuge sample for 2 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .		
!	<u>Attention:</u> Check Buffer MLF prior to use! If a white precipitate is visible, heat the buffer for several minutes at 30–40 °C until the precipitate is completely dissolved and mix thoroughly.		+ 140 µL MLF
	Add 140 µL Buffer MLF. Do not mix!	Ò	16,000 x <i>g</i> ,
	Centrifuge sample for 2 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .		2 min
	Remove and discard Paraffin Dissolver by pipetting it off.		_
	<u>Note</u> : Slight residues of Paraffin Dissolver do not affect the following steps.		Remove Paraffin Dissolver
3	A) Lyse sample – method A (perform method 3 A or 3 B) "Quick protocol"		+ 12 μL Proteinase K
	Add 12 µL Proteinase K.		
	Mix by gently shaking or pipetting up and down. Do not vortex!		Mix gently
	Incubate for 15 min at 56 °C to lyse sample tissue.		
	If tissue is still visible, continue incubation until sample is digested.		56 °C, 15 min

	Add 12 µL Buffer MKA and vortex briefly. Incubate for 5 min on ice . Centrifuge for 5 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .	ð	+ 12 μL MKA Vortex 0 °C, 5 min 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min
	Transfer clear supernatant to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube (not provided). Incubate at 80 °C for exactly 15 min . Shorter incubation or lower temperature leads to incomplete decrosslinking. Longer incubation might lead to degradation of RNA.		Transfer sample 80 °C, 15 min
3	 B) Lyse sample – method B (perform method 3 A or 3 B) "Protocol for diffcult to lyse samples" Add 12 µL Proteinase K. Mix by gently shaking or pipetting up and down. Do not vortex! Incubate for 90 min at 56 °C to lyse sample tissue. If tissue is still visible, continue/ increase incubation time up to overnight until sample is digested. 		+ 12 μL Proteinase K Mix gently 56 °C, 90 min
	Add 12 µL Buffer MKA and vortex briefly. Incubate for 5 min on ice . Centrifuge for 5 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> . Transfer clear supernatant to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube (not provided).		+ 12 μL MKA Vortex 0 °C, 5 min 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 5 min Transfer sample
4	Adjust binding conditions Add 400 μL Buffer MX and mix by vortexing (2 x 5 s). Incubate for 1 min at room temperature.		+ 400 µL MX Vortex RT, 1 min

5 **Bind RNA** Load Place a NucleoSpin® RNA FFPE XS Column in a new sample Collection Tube (2 mL). Load sample onto the column and centrifuge for 15 s at 16,000 x q, 16,000 x q. 15 s Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the collection tube. 6 Wash and dry silica membrane + 400 µL MW2 1st wash Add 400 µL Buffer MW2 to the NucleoSpin® RNA FFPE XS Column. 16,000 x q, 15 s Centrifuge for 15 s at 16,000 x g. Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the collection tube. 2nd wash + 200 µL MW2 Add 200 µL Buffer MW2 to the NucleoSpin® RNA FFPE XS Column. Centrifuge for 1 min at 16,000 x g to dry the membrane 16,000 x g, completely. 1 min If the flowthrough in the collection tube has touched the NucleoSpin[®] RNA FFPE XS Column after 2nd wash. discard flowthrough and centrifuge again. **Optional: Digest DNA** 7 + 25 µL rDNase Add 25 µL rDNase directly onto the silica membrane of the NucleoSpin® RNA FFPE XS Column. RT. 15 min Incubate at room temperature for 15 min. Add 50 µL Buffer MX. + 50 µL MX Incubate for 1 min at room temperature. RT, 1 min Centrifuge for 15 s at 16,000 x q. Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the 16,000 x q, collection tube. 15 s

1 st wash Add 400 μL Buffer MW2 to the NucleoSpin [®] RNA FFPE XS Column.	e + 400 μL MW2
Centrifuge for 15 s at 16,000 x g.) 16,000 x g, 15 s
Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the collection tube.	13 3
2 nd wash Add 200 μL Buffer MW2 to the NucleoSpin [®] RNA FFPE XS Column.	^ም + 200 μL MW2
Centrifuge for 1 min at 16,000 x g.) 16,000 x <i>g</i> ,
Discard flowthrough and place the column back into the collection tube.	1 min ∋16,000 x <i>q</i> ,
Centrifuge for 5 min at 16,000 x g to dry the membrane.	5 min
Elute highly pure RNA	
Place the NucleoSpin [®] RNA FFPE XS Column in a new Collection Tube (1.5 mL).	→ + 5–30 μL RNase-free H₂O
Add 5 μL (for high concentration) to 30 μL (for high yield) RNase-free H₂O to the column.	🖁 RT, 1 min
Incubate for 1 min at room temperature.	⊃ 16,000 x <i>g</i> , 1 min
Centrifuge for 1 min at 16,000 x <i>g</i> .	
Keep the eluted RNA on ice or freeze at -20 °C (short-term storage) or -70 °C (long-term storage).	

8

5.3 DNA digestion in the RNA eluates

Comments on DNA removal:

Although the on-column rDNase digest in the standard protocol is very efficient, there are still certain applications which require even lower quantities of residual DNA.

For example, RT-PCR reactions with primers that do not differentiate between cDNA (derived from RNA) and contaminating genomic DNA.

DNA digestion in solution can efficiently degrade contaminating DNA. This requires stringent RNase control and optionally repurification of the RNA (in order to remove buffer, salts, DNase, and digested DNA).

The high quality, RNase-free, recombinant DNase (rDNase) provided with the kit facilitates such a digestion in solution.

A Digest DNA (Reaction setup)

Add **1/10 volume of rDNase** (dissolved in Reaction Buffer for rDNase) to the eluted RNA (e.g., add 3 μL enzyme to 30 μL RNA eluate).

B Incubate for 10 min at 37 °C.

C Inactivate rDNase

Incubate the sample for $\mathbf{5}$ min at $\mathbf{75}\ ^{\circ}\mathbf{C}$ to inactivate the rDNase. Put the sample on ice.

In most cases a further purification (in order to remove inactivated rDNase, buffer and salts) is not necessary. If nevertheless a repurification is required, NucleoSpin[®] RNA Clean-up XS is recommended (see section 6.2 ordering information). Possible cause and suggestions

6 Appendix

Problem

6.1 Troubleshooting

	RNase contamination
	 Create an RNase-free working environment. Wear gloves during all steps of the procedure. Change gloves frequently. Use sterile, disposable polypropylene tubes and filter tips. Keep tubes closed whenever possible during the preparation. Glassware should be oven-baked for at least 2 hours at 250 °C before use.
	Poor sample quality
	• Sample quality very much influences the obtainable RNA amount and quality. For aspects concering sample harvest, fixation, embedding, and storage refer to: Castiglione F. et al. (2007), Chung J.Y. et al. (2008), Leyland-Jones B.R. et al. (2008), von Ahlfsen S. et al. (2007), von Maldegem F. et al. (2008).
	Reagents not applied or restored properly
	• Always dispense exactly the buffer volumes given in the protocols!
	 Always follow the given instructions closely, with specific attention paid to order and mode of mixing (shaking, vortexing, etc).
Poor RNA quality or vield	 Add the indicated volume of 96–100 % ethanol to Buffer MW2 Concentrate and mix thoroughly.
quality of yield	 Store kit components at room temperature. Storage at lower temperatures may cause salt precipitation. If precipitation occurs, incubate the bottle for several minutes at about 30–40 °C and mix well until the precipitate is redissolved.
	 Keep bottles tightly closed in order to prevent evaporation or contamination.
_	lonic strength and pH influence A_{260} absorption as well as ratio A_{260}/A_{280}
	• For absorption measurement, use 5 mM Tris pH 8.5 as diluent. Please also see: Manchester K.L. (1995) and Wilfinger W.W. et al. (1997).
	Proteinase digestion time
	 Depending of the nature of the sample, an optimal digestion time from 15 min to 3 hours has to be determined empirically. If tissue residues are still visible after 15 min continue the incubation for up to 3 hours. If a large portion of the sample still remains undigested, continue digestion overnight. An overnight incubation is not recommended if the tissue digested well within 3 hours.

rDNase not active

• Reconstitute and store lyophilized rDNase according to instructions given in section 3.

rDNase solution not properly applied

Contamination of RNA with genomic DNA Pipette rDNase solution directly onto the center of the silica membrane and close the lid in order to press the solution into the membrane.

Too much cell material used

- Reduce quantity of cells or tissue used.
- Use larger PCR targets (e.g., > 500 bp) or intron spanning primers for RNA analysis.
- Use support protocol for subsequent rDNase digestion in the eluate (section 5.3).

Carry-over of ethanol or salt

- Do not let the column flowthrough touch the column outlet after the second Buffer MW2 wash. Be sure to centrifuge at the recommended speed and time in order to remove ethanolic Buffer MW2 completely.
- Check that Buffer MW2 has been equilibrated to room temperature before use. Washing at lower temperatures lowers efficiency of salt removal.
- Depending on the robustness of the RT-PCR system used, RT-PCR might be inhibited if complete eluates are used as template for RT-PCR. Use less eluate as template.

Store isolated RNA properly

 Eluted RNA should always be kept on ice for optimal stability since trace contaminations of omnipresent RNases (general lab ware, fingerprints, dust) will degrade the isolated RNA. For short term storage freeze at -20 °C, for long term storage freeze at -70 °C.

Suboptimal performance of RNA in downstream experiments Silica abrasion from the membrane

• Discrepancy between A ₂₆₀ quantification values and PCR quantification values	Due to the typically low RNA content in very small samples and the resulting low total amount of isolated RNA, a RNA quantification via A_{260} absorption measurement is often hampered due to the low sensitivity of the absorption measurement. When performing absorption measurements close to the detection limit of the photometer, the measurement may be influenced by minor amounts of silica abrasion. In order to prevent incorrect A_{260} -quantification of small RNA amounts centrifuge the eluate for 30 s at > 11,000 x g and take an aliquot for measurement without disturbing any sediment. Alternatively, use a silica abrasion insensitive RNA quantification method (e.g., RiboGreen [®] fluorescent dye).
٨	leasurement not in the range of photometer detection limit
• Unexpected A ₂₆₀ /A ₂₈₀ ratio	In order to obtain a reliable A_{260}/A_{280} ratio it is necessary that the initially measured A_{260} and A_{280} values are significantly above the detection limit of the photometer used. An A_{280} value close to the background noise of the photometer will cause non reliable A_{260}/A_{280} ratios.

6.2 Ordering information

Product	REF	Pack of
NucleoSpin [®] totalRNA FFPE	740982.10/.50/.250	10/50/250 preps
NucleoSpin [®] totalRNA FFPE XS	740969.10/.50/.250	10/50/250 preps
NucleoSpin [®] RNA XS	740902.10/.50/.250	10/50/250 preps
NucleoSpin [®] RNA Clean-up XS	740903.10/.50/.250	10/50/250 preps
NucleoSpin [®] RNA	740955.10/.50/.250	10/50/250 preps
NucleoSpin® RNA/Protein	740933.10/.50/.250	10/50/250 preps
NucleoSpin [®] TriPrep*	740966.10/.50/.250	10/50/250 preps
rDNase Set	740963	1
Paraffin Dissolver (blue)	740343.60	60 mL
Paraffin Dissolver	740968.25	25 mL
Collection Tubes (2 mL)	740600	1000

Visit *www.mn-net.com* for more detailed product information.

^{*} DISTRIBUTION AND USE IN THE USA IS PROHIBITED FOR PATENT REASONS.

6.3 References

Castiglione F. et al. (2007): Real-time PCR analysis of RNA extracted from formalinfixed and paraffin-embeded tissues: effects of the fixation on outcome reliability. Appl Immunohistocehm Mol Morphol 15(3): 338–342.

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Wilfinger W.W. et al. (1997): Effect of pH and ionic strength on the spectorophotometric assessment of nucleic acid purity. Biotechniques 22, 474–481.

6.4 **Product use restriction/warranty**

NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE/NucleoSpin® totalRNA FFPE XS kit components are intended, developed, designed, and sold FOR RESEARCH PURPOSES ONLY, except, however, any other function of the product being expressly described in original MACHEREY-NAGEL product leaflets.

MACHEREY-NAGEL products are intended for GENERAL LABORATORY USE ONLY! MACHEREY-NAGEL products are suited for QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY! MACHEREY-NAGEL products shall in any event only be used wearing adequate PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. For detailed information please refer to the respective Material Safety Data Sheet of the product! MACHEREY-NAGEL products shall exclusively be used in an ADEQUATE TEST ENVIRONMENT. MACHEREY-NAGEL does not assume any responsibility for damages due to improper application of our products in other fields of application. Application on the human body is STRICTLY FORBIDDEN. The respective user is liable for any and all damages resulting from such application.

DNA/RNA/PROTEIN purification products of MACHEREY-NAGEL are suitable for IN VITRO-USES ONLY!

ONLY MACHEREY-NAGEL products specially labeled as IVD are also suitable for IN VITROdiagnostic use. Please pay attention to the package of the product. IN VITRO-diagnostic products are expressly marked as IVD on the packaging.

IF THERE IS NO IVD SIGN, THE PRODUCT SHALL NOT BE SUITABLE FOR IN VITRO-DIAGNOSTIC USE!

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No claim or representations is intended for its use to identify any specific organism or for clinical use (included, but not limited to diagnostic, prognostic, therapeutic, or blood banking). It is rather in the responsibility of the user or - in any case of resale of the products - in the responsibility of the reseller to inspect and assure the use of the DNA/RNA/protein purification products of MACHEREY-NAGEL for a well-defined and specific application.

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